

# Factors influencing reported rates of treated end-stage renal disease

**Author/s:** McDonald, S. McCredie, M. Williams, S. Stewart, J. | **Year:** 2005 | **Publication type:** Journal article | **Peer reviewed:** Yes | **Topic area/s:** Physical Health, Not Specific to CALD

## Reference:

### Key Words:

renal disease, health, characteristics, larger study

### Research aim:

To explore renal disease. We examine the effects of these factors by analyzing data from the Australia and New Zealand Dialysis and Transplant (ANZDATA) Registry.

### Results/Conclusion:

Rates of treated end-stage renal disease (ESRD) among older people have increased particularly, as have rates among Australian and New Zealand indigenous peoples. Higher rates are also seen among some immigrant groups.

### Implications:

### Cultural Group(s):

Not specific to CALD

### Location of study:

### Age group:

not specific to older people

### Number included in study:

N/A

### Type of participants:

### Research approach:

Quantitative

### Type of data:

### Secondary data sources used:

Australia and New Zealand Dialysis and Transplant (ANZDATA) Registry

### Specific scales or analytical techniques used:

### Implications/ Recommendations:

### Notes:

Conclusions about higher rates for older, immigrant populations.