

Diversity among older Australians in capital cities 1996-2011

Author/s: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare | **Year:** 2004 | **Publication type:** Report | **Peer reviewed:** | **Topic area/s:** Statistics

Reference: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (2004). Diversity among older Australians in capital cities 1996-2011. Canberra, ACT, Australian Institute of Health and Welfare: 18.

Key Words:

statistics, population projections, census data

Research aim:

The analysis in this paper is based on detailed projections by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) in 2001. It focuses on the Australian migrant population, and on capital cities as the vast majority (80%) of people from culturally and linguistically diverse backgrounds in Australia live in one of these cities.

Results/Conclusion:

The analysis shows that the population of older people from culturally and linguistically diverse backgrounds is growing faster than for other older Australians. In 1996, 18% of Australians aged 65 and over were from culturally and linguistically diverse backgrounds. By 2011, this population is projected to increase to 23% of older Australians.

Implications:

Cultural Group(s):

Location of study:

Age group:

Number included in study:

N/A

Type of participants:

Research approach:

Quantitative

Type of data:

Secondary

Secondary data sources used:

Specific scales or analytical techniques used:

Implications/ Recommendations:

Notes: