Radiation oncology outpatient perceptions of patient-centred care: a cross-sectional survey


Reference:
Key Words: cancer, services, care, wellbeing

Research aim:
We aimed to describe the proportion and characteristics of cancer patients who perceived that better care would have greatly improved their wellbeing in (1) specific and (2) multiple domains of patient-centred care.

Results/Conclusion:
migrants to Australia had higher odds of endorsing multiple domains where better care would have improved their well-being. Domains included: information and communication about their cancer, emotional and spiritual support, management of physical symptoms, and involvement of friends and family

Implications:
Further investigation of patients' perceptions of how their perceived quality of care might be improved is warranted, particularly among patients in younger age groups and migrants to Australia.

Cultural Group(s):
Migrants to Australia

Location of study:

Age group:
not specific to older people

Number included in study:
344

Type of participants:
radiation therapy patients diagnosed with cancer and had sufficient English to complete the survey.

Research approach:
Quantitative

Type of data:
Primary

Secondary data sources used:

Specific scales or analytical techniques used:

Implications/ Recommendations:

Notes: