Prevalence of sexual activity and associated factors in men aged 75 to 95 years a cohort study


Key Words:
sex, men, health, wellbeing

Research aim:
To determine the proportion of older men who are sexually active and to explore factors predictive of sexual activity.

Results/Conclusion:
Sex was considered at least somewhat important by 48.8% (95% CI, 47.0% to 50.6%), and 30.8% (CI, 29.1% to 32.5%) had had at least 1 sexual encounter in the past 12 months. Living with a partner and having a non-English-speaking background were associated with increased odds of sexual activity.

Implications:

Cultural Group(s):
Not specific to CALD

Location of study:
Western Australia (Perth)

Age group:
75-95

Number included in study:
2,783

Type of participants:
Men aged 75-85

Research approach:
Quantitative

Type of data:
Primary

Secondary data sources used:

Specific scales or analytical techniques used:

Implications/ Recommendations:

Notes: